MATH 40 APPLIED - Sinusoidal Data
Regression Practice

1. From the data below plot the data, then calculate and graph a regression to determine a sinusoidal fit to the data (plot at least one series manually on graph paper). Find what the equation predicts for March and Sept. Compare that with the given historical data. Do you think that the sinusoidal equation may be useful to predict temperature for some applications (example: the gas company!) How many days per year do you think the mean maximum is below 0 C . What is the median (average) temperature for Winnipeg?

Winnipeg Weather Data: Historical over 100 years

| Month | Month Nbr | Max Temp | Min Temp | Mean Temp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan | 1 | -12 | -23 | -17 |
| Feb | 2 | -9 | -20 | -14 |
| Mar | 3 | -1 | -11 | -6 |
| Apr | 4 | 10 | -1 | 4 |
| May | 5 | 19 | 5 | 12 |
| Jun | 6 | 23 | 10 | 17 |
| Jul | 7 | 26 | 13 | 20 |
| Aug | 8 | 25 | 12 | 18 |
| Sep | 9 | 19 | 6 | 12 |
| Oct | 10 | 11 | 0 | 6 |
| Nov | 11 | 0 | -8 | -4 |
| Dec | 12 | -9 | -18 | -14 |

2. More Winnipeg Weather. Now see how the sinusoidal regression curve fits this data. Does it fit as well? Is it still useful?

| Month | Month Nbr | Sun Shine $[\mathrm{Hrs}]$ | Wind Speed $[\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan | 1 | 120 | 18 |
| Feb | 2 | 140 | 17 |
| Mar | 3 | 178 | 18 |
| Apr | 4 | 232 | 20 |
| May | 5 | 277 | 19 |
| Jun | 6 | 291 | 17 |
| Jul | 7 | 322 | 15 |
| Aug | 8 | 286 | 15 |
| Sep | 9 | 189 | 18 |
| Oct | 10 | 150 | 19 |
| Nov | 11 | 95 | 18 |
| Dec | 12 | 99 | 17 |

3. Tides at Minas Basin, Nova Scotia. The highest tides in the world. 50 feet from Min to Max. In the table below is the table data for the Minas Basin for 9 Apr 2003 The data is given in hours Atlantic Standard Time vs meters of tide level.

| Hr | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ht | 3.3 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 9.6 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 9.8 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 6.8 | 8.4 | 9.7 | 10.2 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 7.1 | 5.4 |

a. perform a regression on the data and determine the equation (to 3 decimal digits). Only use 6 data points Write the equation below. How does it compare with someone using a different six points?
b. a large trawler draws 4 meters of water. During approx how many hours of the day will the boat be sitting on the floor of the basin?
c. what is the water depth at $14: 36$ ?

Remember: 17:12 is $17 \mathrm{~h}+12 / 60$ of an hour $=17.2 \mathrm{hrs}$ in decimal form!
d. does your regression look correct? What does the period of the data look like just from inspecting the data?
4. Convert the following times into decimal time on the 24 hour clock:
$1: 30$ PM=
$11: 54 \mathrm{PM}=$

09:12 $\mathrm{AM}=$
$4: 15 \mathrm{PM}=$

